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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL WASHINGTON, D.C. 20310

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, Headquarters, 1st Cavalry Division Artillery, Pariod Ending 31 July 1969 (U)



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DEFECTMENT OF THE ARMY
HEADQUARTERS
LST CAVALRY DIVISION ARTILLERY (AIRMOBILE)
APO 96490

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12 August 1969

SUBJECT: Operational Report of the 1st Cavalry Division Artillery (AM) for the Period Ending 31 July 1969, RCS CSFOR-65 R1)

Commancing General 1st Cavalry Division APO 96490

1. Section 1. Operations: Significant Activities.

SYNOPSIS

Throughout the period 1 May 69 to 31 July 69, the 1st Calavry Division (AM) conducted operations within the scope of II FFORCEV Operation TOAN THANG Phase III in the III Corps Tactical Zone (III CTZ). Operations were conducted in AO MONTANA SCOUT northeast of TAY NINH, north of D.U TIENG in the vicinity of the "Fishhook" of the Cambodian Border, AO COMMANCHE WARKIOR southeast of PHUCC VINH and northeast of BIEN HOA, AO CREEK II east of AO COMMANCHE WARRIOR and ESE of PHUCC VINH, and AO KENTUCKY COUGAR, the old AO MONTANA SCOUT plus the addition of PHUCC LONG and BINH LONG Provices, extending east to the III CTZ border. Emphasis on operations at the beginning of the reporting period was generally in AO MONYANA SCOUT with artillery units deployed to support maneuver forces conducting offensive operations, interdicting movement of major enemy forces south into critical III CTZ areas, and locating, reducing, or eliminating chemy base camps, supply bases, training and rest camps, and river crossing sites throughout the TAOR. As intelligence revealed an increasing threat on the outskirts of bIEN HOA, 3rd Brigade shifted its resources to AO COMMANCHE WARRIOR and subsequently to AO CREEK II, where great amounts of enemy material were located and were further denied to hostile forces. Toward the end of June 1969, the 1st Cavalry Division (AM) with the 11th ACR (-) under OPCON concentrated again to the north and initiated operations in AO KENIUCKY CUUG.R. Additional emphasis was placed on assistance to RVN/F units, enhancing pacification throughout the TAOI, and interdicting primary enemy infiltration and exfiltration routes. The period was marked with numerous stand-off and heavy ground attacks against artillery fire support bases, and heavy enemy contact in AO MONTANA SCOUT.

a. Organization.

(1) Direct Support Trillery. The month of May began with the 2d Battalion, 19th Arty (-) in DS of the let Bde at TAY NINH West (XT 165515) with M2/19 on IZ CARCIYN (XT 276786), and OFCON units M1/77 on LZ IKE (XT 341715) and G/1/77 on LZ GR/NT (XT 387624) providing support to

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The 1st Battalion, 77th Artillery (-) was in DS of the 2nd Bde engaged in operations in the eastern portion of AO Hontana Scout with E/1/77 on LZ DOLLY (AT 522588), and OFCON units A/1/21 on LZ JOE (AT 632665) and B/2/19 on LZ JAMIE (AT 48 712). 3rd Bde, involved in Operation Montana Blackfoot, a continuation of Montana Scout and Montana Raider operations, was supported by 1st Battalion, 21st Artillery, with B/1 /21 on LZ HAYLLIS (YT 538805) and C/1/21 on LZ JAKE (AT 628815). C/2/19 at this time was located a Camp Gorvad, supporting 1/8 Cav offensive operations in AO CHIEF

- (2) General Support Artillery. At the beginning of the period, 2d Battalion, 20th Artillery (ARA) was in GS of the 1st Cavalry Division (AM) with 1/2/20 at Tay Ninh West and GSR 2/19 Arty, B/2/20 at Camp Corvad and CSR 1/77 Arty, and C/2/20 at Quan Loi, GSR 1/21 Arty. The 1st battalion, 30th Artillery was in GS of the 1st Cavalry Division (AM) with 1/1/30 (-) GSR 2/19 Arty located at LZ GRANT (AT 367624), B/1/30 GSR 2/19 Arty located at LZ C.ROLYN (AT 276786), A/1/30 (Plt) GSR 1/77 Irty located at LZ DOLLY (XT 522588), and C/1/30 GSR 1/21 Arty located at LZ JAKE (AT 628815) Additional supporting fires of all calibers were provided to the 1st Cavalry Division Artillery by elements of the 23rd Artillery Group, II FFORCEV irtillery. At the beginning of the period, these units had the following disposition: 8/6 Arty (-) OPCON 1st Cav Div Arty with a mission of providing an artillery headquarters to coordinate and control the fires of elements operating under TF MEEHAN (3d Brigade established this TF on 30 April 69). These firing elements include 2/11 How and 3/11 How Batteries organic to 11:CR and C/2/13 GSR 1st Cav Div Arty, being utilized in AO LINGE (Loc Ninh) to add light support to TF MEEHIM. C/6/27, also GSR 1st Cav Div Arty, was located at Camp Gorvad and rovided heavy artillery support along with the remaining betteries of 6/27 Artillery located throughout the TAOI. 1/3/197 (155) was GSR 1/77 Arty and was positioned at LZ THUNDER III (AT 768655) to assist in the security of Hwy 13.
- (3) Lir Defense Artillery. The period began with 3d PIT (Provisional), Btry C, Ath Bn, 60th AD. ATTACHED to the 1st Cavalry Division (AM). Platon assets included four MAAI Dusters, four M55 Quad .50s, four 23 inch Xenon searchlights and one 30 inch Xenon searchlight. For the entire period two Dusters were located at CAMF GONVAD with a mission of GS 1st Cav Div. In this role they provided security for work parties, mine sweeping teams, and road convoys passing through AO CHIAF, in addition to providing indirect and direct fires support in the NO. Two Dusters at LZ ANDY (QUAN LOI), CSM 1/21 Arty, has a similar mission throughout the reporting period. The Quad .50s and 23 inch searchlight moved frequently between critical FSBs during the period, in active response to the changing tactical situation. CAMP GONVAD defenses retained a Quad. 50 and searchlight team throughout the reporting period, although the specific elements rotated from time to time. The AN/TVS-3 (30 inch Xenon Searchlight) was evacuated from CAMP GORVAD on 8 June for depot maintenance.

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It was returned on 15 July and was awaiting completion of a 60 foot searchlight tower for employment atop that facility at the close of the reporting period. A second team provided defensive fires and illumination at IZ GRALIT for the entire period (1 May - 31 July). A third Quad .50 - searchlight team, CSR 1/77 'rtillery, was placed on LZ JOE early in the reporting period because an attack against that FSB was anticipated (See para b (2), Cn 23 May the team moved from LZ JOE to LZ LORI where they remained until 22 June reinforcing the fires of 1/77 Arty. On this date IZ IORI was closed out, and operations in AO KENTUCKY COUGLA necessitated separating this particular team. The Quad .50 moved through LZ BETTY to LZ ANDY for base defence and the searchlight was positioned at LZ JAMIE, where each remained for the balance of the period. The fourth team, GR 1/21 Arty reinforced defenses on LZ PHYILIS early in May, displacing through CAMP GOAVAD and in conjunction with 3d Erigade deployment in AO CUMM: NCHE on LZ LIBBY MadRIck. The team remained on LZ LIBBY for two days before moving to LZ ROCK for two weeks (24 May - 7 June). On 7 June the team was again relocated at LZ JOY where it played a key role in the LZ defense while under heavy enemy attack. When operations in AO COLLLANCHE WARRIOR terminated, the Quad .50 - searchlight team accompanied 3d Prigade elements to AO KENTUCKY COUG.A and remained in position at LZ WESTCOTT throughout the balance of the reporting period.

- B. Operation TOLA THING III, AO MONTANT SCOUT:
- (1) General: As the reporting period began, this operation was well established as 1st Cavalry Division elements continued offensive operations to interdict movement of major enemy forces south through critical areas of 111 CTZ, and to locate and destroy enemy forces, facilities and material. To accomplish this mission, lat Brigade operated in the western portion of .0 MONT/NT SCOUT south of base area 353, 2nd Brigade in the eastern portion of the AO north of the Michelin Rubber plantation, and 3rd Brigade in the vicinity of base area 352, the FISHHOUK, and LOC NINH (AULANCE).
- (2) EXECUTION: Beginning with the first day of the reporting period TF DUKE was replaced by TF MEEHAN and 11th ACR elements proceeded to AN LOC / Quan Loi for a maintenance standdown of short duration. With light batteries at LZ PHYLLIS and at LZ JAKE, medium artillery also at LZ JAKE and AMA based at Quan Loi, 1/21 Artillery was well prepared to support 3rd Brigade in the Phuoc Long and Phuoc Binh areas. To the west, stand-off attacks in addition to numberous ground assaults, were mounted against the major landing zones in AD MONTANT SCOUT. On O60200 May, LZ CAMDLYN received a heavy volume of incorning rounds, estimated at more than 200 including 107mm rockets, 75mm RR, 82 and 60mm mortars, followed by heavy small arms and automatic weapons fire. The firing batteries (N/2/19 & B/1/30

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returned fire on pre-selected countermortar/rocket targets. The AN/MRQ-4 radar located at LZ CAROLYN acquired several mortar/rocket positions and these were also taken under fire. The howitzers then commenced direct fire on targets approximately 200 meters outside the FB perimeter while the base piece provided self illumination. Nine sections of ARA from $\sqrt{2/20}$ were committed to the action, expending 864 2.75" HE rockets and 239 Flachette rockets during the attack and were credited with 24 kills. At approximately 0300 hours, the communition storage area received two direct hits from incoming shells, setting it on fire and subsequequently detonating HE and WP ammunition which covered the position with shell fragments. $N_2/19$ maintained a barrage of Beehive, Firecracker, WP and "Killer Junior", expending over 800 rounds in direct fire and 100 rounds in indirect fire. B/1/30 fired 597 rounds in defense of the LZ and was credited with 25 kills while suffering 25 WIA within the battery. All available artillery within range was quickly called into action and completely surrounded the FSB with final protective and blocking fires. The attack, made by a regimental enemy force, was suppressed at 0600H leaving the ammunition and POL dumps destroyed, 9 US KIA and 64 US WIA. Enemy losses included 101 NVA KIA, 29 WA PWs, 42 AK-47s, 6 SKS's, 11 RPG-2s, 3 RPG-7s, 9 RPG-M.G.s, 2 x 60mm mortars, 2 radios, 1 field phone, and 1 .30 cal MG captured. Also on 6 May, at 0323H, LZ JOE received a ground probe prefaced by a 60mm and 82mm morter attack, followed by B-40 rockets. N/1/30, B/1/77, and N/3/197 immediately engaged preselected counter-mortar targets and were assisted by ARA. The results of this attack were 8 NVA KIA, 4 US KIA and 25 US WIA. On 120245H May and on 130315 May, LZs JAMIE and CHANT respectively came under heavy ground attack. At IZ JAMIE, a regimental size force attempted a coordinated assualt, firing over 200 rounds of mixed 82mm mortar and 107mm rocket ammunition. LZ JOE received mortars and small arms at the same time leading to the belief that these attacks were well planned, as LZ JOE and LZ JAMIE were mutually supporting FSBs. Following the indirect fire attack at LZ JAMIE the enemy employed 12.7 mm machine gaus, B-40 and B-41 mackets, recoiless rifles and sappers against the FSB defenses. At 0345 hours, the NVA had occupied one bunker on the southern portion of the perimeter, after breeching the wire. E/2/19 counterattacked with direct fire and six sections of ARA supported the 12 until contact was broken at 0645H. Results of the engagement were 83 M. KIA, 7 US KIA, 35 US WIA, and 1 x 105mm howitzer damaged by rockets. At LZ GRANT, the enemy attacked with a two company size force employing heavy small arms, B-40 and indirect fire. The perimeter was breeched but subsequently reestablished by the QRF. Tube artillery, six sections of ARA, flare and Spooky gunships supported the defenders. All available artillery within range was fired on avenues of approach around the LZ. Fire plans covering routes of withdrawal were distributed to available artillery units and their fires commenced as soon as contact was broken. Flechette rockets were employed by ARA on the withdrawal routes. The contact broke at 0500H with the following results: 45 W/ KIA, 3 W/ PWs, 6 AK47s, 6 RPG-7s, 6 RPG-2s, 1 pistol, 96 Chicom granedes, 11 B-40 rds, 15 satchel charges and 2 bangalore torpedoes captured or destroyed. Friendly casualities were 5 US KIA and 40 US WIA. first two weeks of the reporting period

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was characterized by numerous significant attacks on 1st Cav Div FSBs which were abortive in nature as evidenced by enemy failure in every attempt and by his extremely high casualty rate. During 7-12 May, 11th ACR elements were no longer in a standdown posture, 1/11 How Ltry having displaced to XT 641707 on 7 May and 2/11 How Btry to LZ INA (LORI) on 8 May to provide support to maneuver elements operating in AOs bolt AND SPEEED (Vic XT5961). On 13 May, 3d Ede and 1/21 Arty (-) began displacement to AU CUMMANCHE WARRIUM, NE of Bien Hoa pick ing up E/2/20 CCR 1/21st Arty, and releasing C/2/20 to become GSR 1/77 Arty, (see para C, Operation COMMANCHE WARLICK). On the same day, 1st Sqn, 11th ACR has released and 2d Bde assumed control of the 11th ACR AO. A/1/21, remaining at LZ JOE, was placed under OPCON of 1/77 Arty. In conjunction with the redeployment of forces. C/1/30 moved to QUAN LOI on 13 May in preparation for assignment to operations in AU CUMMANCHE MARKETUR. Similarly, C/1/21 displaced to DIEN NOA and subsequently to LZ LOIS on the same day. As a result of incrossing enemy activity in AU MUNITAWA SCOUT and plans to begin operations in AO CUMMANCHE MARKIUM, B/6/15 was moved with approval of II FFORCE Artillery from LZ SHIRLEY (XT 762893) to LZ WHITE (XT 444625) to lend additional artillery support to maneuver forces in that AO. The AN/MPQ-4 radar at LZ CuiULYN was repositioned at LZ ST. BARBARA on LA May to more effectively cover the western reaches of the 1st Bde AO. Two days later, $\Lambda/2/19$ and B/1/30 (-) followed, closing out LZ CAROLYN and in position at LZ ST. BABARA to support 2/8 Cav in offensive operations. /lso on 16 May, B/1/30 (Plt) moved from LZ DOLLY to LZ CHANT, effectively redistributing medium artillery support for 2/12. Cav, covering the loss of FSB CAROLYN. These moves were partially in response to the recent and widespread attacks on fire bases. On 16 May, defenders at LZ INE (AT 341715) repulsed a 30 - 40 man ground probe, believed to be a sapper attack. Individuals carrying satchel charges were observed through a starlight scope attempting to breach the perimeter's second wire. The enemy was immediately engaged by mortage, take artillery, ARA and Spooky gunships. Arein, all available artillery was fired in to the attacking force and a comprehensive blocking fire plan was initiated to cover routes of withdrawal. The action terminated at 0440H with the following results: 11 NVA KIA, 2 NVA Pis, 6 AK50s, 1 B40 rocket launcher, 2 satchel charges, 2 bangalore torpoloes, captured or destroyed and 2 US KIA. On 23 May, an anticipated attack against 12 JOE (AT 632665) meterialized as the enmey pounded the FSB with 200 rounds of rocket and morter fire, followed by an estimated reinforced company sized ground attack. In addition to artillery and ARA support, Air Defense Artillery ('DA) pumped 3700 rounds of .50 ammunition unto the enemy force from Quad .50 on location. After contact was broken, the enemy suffered 8 KIA and friendly casualties ammounted to 18 WIA. Also on 23 May, 5/7 Cav had begun improvements on LZ DULI (XT 606622) and by 1700H both $\sqrt{1/21}$ and $\sqrt{3/197}$ had closed this LZ to support offensive operations. On 25 May, B/1/77 (Plt) participated in a 1/5 Cay operation cleaning up a recently discovered food and weapons cache.

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B/1/77 (Plt) displaced to LZ PHYLLIS on 25 May, and two days later rejoined the battery at LZ DOLLY. Enemy activity was light and scattered for the first five days in June. On the sixth day LZ JAMIE again received incoming rocket and mortar fire followed by a multi-sided ground probe that lasted most of the night. Immediately after the attack began, B/2/19 engaged counter mortar/ rocket targets firing both HE and ICM. A total of four sections of ARA were on station as sappers were continually attempting to breach the perimeter wire. The LZ was mutually supported by medium artillery from LZs GnAVI and DOLLY. At 0900H, Sabre 11, 1st Son, 9th Cavalry Scout Team spotted 90 - 100 NV: in the open, 900 meters NE of LZ JAMIE. Medium artillery, A/1/30 (Flt), from LZ DOLLY attacked with HE and ICM and an air strike was called in. Assessment for artillery was 15 NVA KIA, 10 bunkers and 100 meters of trenchline destroyed. US casualties were 2 KIA and 7 WIA. Following this action, A/1/30 (-) moved from LZ GAANT to LZ JAMIE, and was ready to fire by 1345H. On 8 June, B/2/19 returned to the control of the 2/19 !rtillery due to a boundary change, and continued to support the 2/7 Cav while conducting follow up operations for heavy artillery in 1.0 GULD. On 12-13 June, 1/12 Cav (supported by C/2/19) and 2/12 Cav (supported by C/1/77) switched places, giving 2/12 Cay the mission of securing CAMF GUAVAD and AU CHIEF. C/2/19 returned to LZ GLANT with 1/12 Cay and continued supporting that unit in offensive operations in AO MONTANA SCOUT. This move placed all three organic batteries of 2/19 artillery under the control of its parent headquarters. Also on 12 June, 12 DULLY received incoming mortar fire, and countermortar targets were immediately engaged by the artillery located at that LZ. On 15 June, 1/1/21 (Plt) moved from LZ LORI to LZ J/KE to more effectively cover maneuvers of 5/7 Cav. The second attack on LZ IKE during this reporting period occured on 18 June when an estimated reinforced company sized unit attacked with heavy small arms and aut matic wapons fire under a cover of 60mm mortars and B40 rockets. Three LPs were unable to close into the perimeter, which restardined the artillery from counterattacking with direct fire. When the LFs finally closed, the artillery opened up with "Killer Junior" and firecreeker. All available artillory engaged the enemy and withdrawal routes were effectively covered by fire. Contact broke at 0330H leaving 37 NV: KIA, 3 NV A PMs, 10 AK47s and 5 RPG launchers. Friendly casualties were 3 US KIA and 7 US VIA. A third attempt to overrun LZ IKE occurred two days later when an estimated heavily reinforced enomy battalion (K2, 18B Regiment) poured 30 -35 107mm rockets, 40 X 57mm RR rounds, 45 X 82mm morter rounds, 80 X B40 rounds, and 60 X 60mm morter rounds into the LZ, followied by heavy small arms and .51 cal M.G. fire. An Ol Lirddog was immediately dispatched with the dual mission of directing artillary fire for the LZ and restoring and maintaining communications which had been lost during the heavy barrage. The enemy was engaged with organics, tube artillery, ΛR_c^{μ} and Shadow ships. L/1/77 fired firecracker and "Killer Junior" in continuous direct fire and provided self-illumination for the LZ. All

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Connection Report of the 1st Cavalry Division Artillary (AM) for the seriod Ending 31 July 1969, RCS, CSFOR-65 (RE)

available artillery again covered routes of withdrawel to the north and hardwest as contact broke at 0240H leaving 90 NVA KIA, 5 NVA PAS, 10 x 75mm RR rounds, 8 SKS rifles, 23 AK47 rifles, 3 RPD light M.G.s and 5 B-50 and B-41 rocket launchers. Friendly casualties were 7 KS KIA and 19 KS WIA. After remeated heavy attacks on 1st Cav Div FSBs during this reporting period, the enemy suffered severe manpower and conjument losses, and failed to experience even limited success in any of his overrun attempts. Beginning 21 June, preparations for a major redistribution of 1st Cavelry Division maneuver elements are supporting artillery were begun. 5/7 Cav began construction of LZ LETT (XT 686654) and on 21 June //1/21 (Plt) moved from LZ LUKL to LZ SETT. The next day, //1/21 (-) followed, completing the new FSB which was now 5/7 Cav CP. Also on 22 June, A/3/197 (-) moved to LZ THUNDER III; closing LZ LUKL. On 24 June, AO MONTANA SCOUT was replaced by AO KENTUCKY COUGAR.

C. OPERATION COMMUNCHE WARRIOR:

- (1) General: The 3d Brigade was assigned the mission of detecting and interdicting enemy buildup north and northeastef blen HO: = LANG BING complex. Intelligence indicated an increasing threat in that area (AO COMA NORE TRAIDA) prompting employment of the 3d Brigade and its direct support and reinforcing artillery.
- (2) Flanning: In prepartaion for the redistribution of forces to AU COME NOME TAKEOR, C/1/30 (CSR 1/21 Arty) moved from LZ JAKE (XT 628815) on 13 May to QUAN LOI and on to BLEN HOA the next day via fixed wing transport. C/1/21 already moved from LZ JAKE to BLEN HOA and in support of the 1/8 Cav, was displaced to LZ LOIS (YT 126230) on 13 May, joining D/2/40, a 105mm Battery of the 199th LIB in DS of the 3/7 Inf. On 14 May, B/1/21 departed LZ PHYLLIS (AT 538805), moved through PHUCC VIHN, and closed at LZ CINDY (YT 137316) on 15 May, prepared to support the 1/7 Cav. B/2/20, at C/MP GOAVAD; was placed in CSR 1/21 Artillary for this operation, with a limited largering, refueling and rearning facility set up at LZ DUSTY END (Vic YT 4733).
- (3) Execution: On 15 May, C/1/30 departed BIEN HO? and moved in to LZ LOIS, in position to lend medium artillery support to all elements of 3d bdc. Offensive operations continued and intelligence indicated that a greater energy threat existed to the east. On 20 May, AO CREEK II came into effect to meet the energy buildup, and 1/7 Cav began construction of LZ LIBBY (YT 443290). B/1/21 moved from LZ CINDY to LIZ LIBBY closing on 201700 May, prepared to support new offensive operations in AO CREEK II, approximately 20 kilometers NHE of XULN LOC. During the next few days, elements via LZ LIBBY received incoming rockets and several small ground probes. PWs were taken and the enemy force was identified as elements of the 2d Bn, 272th Regt, 5th VC Division.

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On 23 May, the 3/7 Inf (OPCON 1st Cav) moved into LZ LOIS and continued to be supported by D/2/40 /rtillery (OPCON 1/21 Arty). On the same day, C/1/21 departed LZ LOIS and was repositioned at LZ HOCK (XT 483553) closing at 1330H and in support of 1/8 Cav. Following these moves, HQ 1/21 displaced from BIEN HOL to BL.CHHONSE (Vic AU.N LOC) in order to facilitate positive control. is controts decreased in AO COMMINCHE WIRMIOR and increased in AO CREEK II (mainly the uncovering of food and supply caches), C/1/30 moved from LZ LOIS to LZ LIBEY, joining B/1/21 on 241600 May and in position to lend heavier artillery support in destroying bunker and fighting position complexes also found in that area. Activity in AO CUMMINCHE WARRIUM continued to decrease, and on 30 May, the AO was turned over to the 18th ARVN Div. The next day, 3/7 Inf and D/2/40 were released to become under OPCON of CMAC and LZ WIS was closed. 3d bde elements continued to uncover supply caches, reporting a total food stuff tennage of 170 tons during the period 24 May through 14 June. Enemy contact increased, and the 1/7 Cav opened LZ JOY (YT678256) followed by its supporting artillery, B/1/21, which arrived from LZ LIBBY on 051745 June. Tons of supplies were found, and numerous bunker complexes were reported along with increasing enemy activity. On 7 June, LZ LIBEY was closed as C/1/30 moved to LZ JOY, once again lending the weight of medium artillery to hard targets in the area. On 12 June LZ JOY received a battalion-sized ground attack preceded by a heavy combined rocket and mortar barrage. Artillery supported the defenders combining blocking fires, direct fire and ARA fires, breaking up the attack offer nearly three hours. Of significant importance in this action was the additional firepower and illumination provided the FSB defense by ADA assets located at LZ JOY specifically, a Quad .50 machine gun and a 23 inch Xenon starchlight. It the time of the attack, a dense fog had settled over the LZ which greatly limited the fires of ARA and Spooky. Limited visibility also made Medovac operations extremely hazardous. The SLT was placed at the center of the LZ, and its light was directed vertically as a beacon for the aircraft in addition to providing adequate difficed light for the defenders to engage the enemy in the woodline surrounding the FSB. The Quad .50 MG was brought into action as it moved to reinforce that portion of the perimeter which was under attack, and expended over 10,000 rounds as it moved quickly from position to position. This action vividly demonstrates the great value of automatic wearons and searchlights in support of FSb defenses. The results of the battle were 36 NY KIA, 1 PW, 3 US KIA and 6 US WIA. Enemy activity remained light and scattered in 70 CREEK II, aimed primarily at keeping 1st Cav Div elements from locating and destroying additional supply bases. Operations in AO Ciddia II terminated on 23 June and 3d Bde elements redeployed north to FNUCC LONG end BHHH LONG Provinces, propering for operations in AO KENTUCKY COUGAR. Beginning 21 June, C/1/30 moved to BLACKHOWSE in proporation for the new operation, and began a road convoy movement through LUNG BINH AND PHUCC VINH for redeployevent in the GUAN LOI - SUNG BE area. Also on 21 June, B/1/21 moved from LZ JUY to LZ ANDY (QUAN LOI), closing at 1815H and temporarily under OPCON of 6/27 Artillery.

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D. OPER TION TOAN THANG III - AO KENTUCKY COUGAR:

- (1) General: Although the basic mission of the 1st Cavalry Division remained essentially the same, when AO KENTUCKY COUGAR became effective on 24 June, added emphasis was given to joint operations with CIDG and ARVN forces. The 1st Cav Div TAOI increased to the east, extending as far as the HII CTZ boundary, and military effort was significantly extended to enhance posification at District and Province levels. The 11th ACR (-) was again placed under OFCON of the 1st Cav Div on 22 June, and was assigned an AO in consonance with its mission of securing QL 13 (Thunder Road) and interdicting enery movements throughout. All brigade size elements of the 1st Cav Div, with their full complement of DS and CS Artillery, commenced operations in AO KENTUCKY COUGAR.
- (2) Planning: With the 11th ACR operating in a separate AO, coordination was made with II FFORCE intillery and with 23d GROUP intillery to provide an antillary headquarters capable of controlling and coordinating the artillery assests available to the 11th ACR. 6th Bettalion, 27th intillery (GSR 1st Cav Div inty and located at QUAN LDI) was given the additional mission of DS 11th ACR and provided OPCON of 2d How btry, 3d How Btry, F/16 (155 towed), C/2/13 (105 towed) and A/3/197 (155 towed). Initially, B/1/21 was also placed OPCON 6/27 until its parent battalion arrived in the new AO. Intillery in support of 1st and 2d Brigades remained in position at the close of AO MONTANA SCOUT. On 23 June, C/1/30 closed at CAMP GORVAD in preparation to continue its displacement by road convoy to QUAN LOI. On the same day, all 3d Brigade maneuver elements left 1Z ROCK and AO CHEEK II for deployment through QUAN LOI. 1/21 Artillery assumed responsibility for QUAN LOI base defense upon closing 12 ANDY.
- (3) Execution: On 24 June, C/1/21 moved from LZ ROCK to LZ WESTCOTT (XT 059268) in support of the 1/8 Cav. B/1/21 reverted to control of 1/21 Artillery located at QUAN LOI. Units under OFCON of 6/27 Artillery were positioned as follows: 20 How Btry LZ SHIRLEN (Vic AN LOC), 3d How Btry LZ SIDEWINDER (XT 769820), F/16 LZ ANDY (QUAN LOI), C/2/13 LZ SHIRLEY (AN LOC) and A/3/197 LZ THUNDER HII (XT 768655). Distribution of heavy artillery (8" 175mm) placed A/6/27 at LZ ANDY, B/6/27 at LZ BUTTONS (SONG BE) and C/6/27 at CAMP GOLAVAD. On 26 June, C/1/30 completed its move and closed LZ BUTTONS at 1710 H. On 27 June, A/1/21 moved from LZ BETTY to LZ JOE and prepared for a fixed-wing C-130 move to the SUNG EE area. A/1/21 closed LZ JUDY (YU 254149) on 271820 June, in position to support 5/7 Cav offensive operations. With maneuver elements and supporting artillery organized and positioned in the 11th ACR and 3d Bde AOS, the 1st Cav Div now conducted offensive operations extending across an unprecedented 150 kilometers of primary infiltration routes. Throughout AO KENTUCKY COUCAR, no maneuver element was without artillery coverage, and all FCDs were mutually supported by artillery fires a task not easily accomplished

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considering the great land mass and relatively few assests available. On 29 June, 2/11 Son extended THUNDER ROAD security north, placing 2d How Btry at LZ KELLY (XU 733084), and conducted mechanized RIF operations from that FSB. The occupation of LZ BUTTONS provided an excellent location for the counter morter radar, and on 2 July the Q-4 at LZ ST BIRBARA was moved to LZ BUTTONS by fixed wing circulate. To insure mutual support and to extend medium artillery influence, C/1/30 (-) moved from LZ burrons to LZ WESTCOTT, joining C/1/21 on 2 July. Concurrently, boundary changes between 1st and 2d Brigade AOs placed C/2/19 and E/1/30 (-) at LZ GaINT COR 1/77 (rty and 1/1/30 (-) at LZ JAMIE TSR 2/19 'rty. 155mm howitzers located at LZs GR:NT, DOLLY AND JAMIE continued to be mutually supporting and provided effective support of medium artillery across all infiltration routes through the western region of AO KENTUCKY COUGAR. On 6 July, offensive operations were conducted northeast of LZ KELLY and north of LZ FORF CH.NITE (XU 929082). To effectively support the 1/7 Cav, 2d How Btry 11th ACR displaced east to LZ ALICE (XT 231435) remaining in the 11th ACR AO, but now under OPCON of 1/21 Artillery. Similarly, B/1/21 moved from LZ LADY to LZ KELLY, filling the void left by 2d How Btry and was placed under OFCON of 6/27 rty. On 7 July, 2/12 Cav in AO CHIEF and 1/5 Cav at LZ DOLLY reversed their positions, retaining habitual association with C/1/77 and B/1/77 Extillery through their concurrent displacement. Closing time was 1715H, with 5/1/77 under OPCON of 1/30 Arty at CAMP GORVAD and C/1/77 under organic control of 1/77 Arty at LZ DOLLY. B/6/15 at LZ WHITE, GSR 1st Cav Div Arty, departed 10 KANTUCKY COUGAR for redeployment at DAU TIENC on 8 July. Intelligence information prompted the opening of LZ BECKY (LT 372210) with 2/8 Cav on 9 July. This battalion was placed under OPCON of 1st Bde and was followed by $N_2/19$ from LZ ST Blub, R., closing at LZ bECKY 091450H. In PHOUC IONG Province, 5/7 Cav began joint operations with 1/7 MVN on 10 July to the west of LZ ELLEN (YU 039062). i/1/21 departed and closed out LZ JUDY, arriving at LZ ELLEN to provide direct support artillery. Along QL 13, 3d How Btry, 11th ACR moved frequently in the vic of LZs HUNDER ITI, BURDAK (XT 720850) and LANTON (XT 695928), always within supporting range of road convoys. On 13 July, 2d How Btry 11th ACR and B/1/21 returned to control of their parent units, B/1/21 mived from LZ KELLY To LZ VIVI..N (XU 908024) in support of 1/7 Cav offensive operations and 2d How Btry returned to LZ KELLY. On 14 July, boundary changes placed B/2/19 OPOON and M/1/30 (-) OSR to 1/77 /rtillery with LZ JAMIE now located in the 2d Bde AO. Current intelligence indicated that the 5th VC Division was moving north through PHOUC LONG Province. To meet this contingency 2/12 Cay and C/1/77 located at LZ DOLLY were airlifted to bUNARD on 17 July and constructed FSB O' KEEFE (YT 197839). By 1410H, the battery was laid and ready to fire and under OPCON of 1/21 /rty. To provide fire support at LZ DOLLY B/6/15 was returned to AO KENTUCKY COUGAR, occupying the LZ with a mission of CS II FFORCEV. In the 11th /CR /O, 2d How Btry displaced from 12 KELLY to XU 772027 in support of joint RIF operations involving 2/11 Sqn, 4/9 AdVN and Rocon Company 9th /RVN.

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In accordance with plans to release LZ ST barbara to the 25th INF bIV, b/1/30 (Plt) displaced on 18 Jul to LZ O'KEEFE, adding medium artillary support to that critical area with a mission of GSR 1/21 artillary. Concurrently, II FronceV artillary placed C/6/15 (Plt) on LZ ST barbara for defense of the FSB. As of 21 July, LZ ST barbara was controlled by the 25th INF DIV. On 27 July, boundary and mission changes for the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Brigades resulted in the closure of LZ INE. The 2nd Brigade assumed control of that portion of the 3rd Brigade AO South of the SUOI hat RIVER and north of AO CHIEF. A/1/77 moved from LZ INE TO SONG BE by airlift on 27 July. At 270600H Jul, B/2/19 at LZ Julie, C/2/19 at LZ GRINT, and B/6/15 at LZ DULLY came under the OPCON of the 2/19 arty. On 26 Jul, 1/1/77 was airlifted to LZ MARY (YT 265998) and was operational by 281700H Jul in DS of the 2/5 Cav. At 281700H July, 1/77th arty assumed control of 1/1/77 and C/1/77 from 1/21 arty which had exercised control of those batteries during the initial stages of the 2d Brigade's occupation of its new TAOR. The reporting period ended with the 1/77 arty in direct support of the 2d Brigadewithin the new TAOR.

E. OFERATIONS IN AO CHIEF:

- (1) General: During the period, the maneuver battalion assigned to AO CHIEF (with the mission of securing the area surr unding the 1st Cavalry Division base camp at Camp Gorvad) turned the AO over to a sister battalion three times. In the cases, the transition was accompanied by a similar change in the direct support artillery battery, thereby maintaining the concept of habitual association. The period was highlighted by several unseccessful sapport attacks against CAMP GONVAD and a significant extension of the AOs bundaries concurrently with adoption of AO KENTUCKY COUGAR.
- (2) Execution: As the period opened, artillery disposition at CAMP cond.D included 1st Bn 30th Artillery, GS 1st Cav biv (AM), performing the additional mission of coordinating and controlling artillery fires in support of operations in AO CHIEF. C/2/19 Artillery, OPCON 1/30 Artillery, was in direct support of 1/8 Cav. Additional artillery included C/6/27 (8" 175mm), E/8/6 (4.2" Mtr), and C/2/13 (105mm) each GSR 1st Cav Div Arty. 2d Bn, 20th arty, GS 1st Cav Div, and B/2/20, GSR 1/77 Artillery, provided ARA support. Energy activity remained at an extremely low level and on 10 May C/2/13 departed CAMP GONAD redeploying with the 11th ACR in vic AN LOC. On 11 May activity increased sharply as E/1/8 Cav conducted a successful ambush in vic XT 960460 south of the perimeter resulting in 6 VC KIA, and 10 AK47s, 146 satchel charges, 9 mas masks and 19 sets of web gear captured. On 12 May, the enemy launched a sapper attack on the north side of the perimeter following a rocket and mortar attack. After individuals in the wirehas been engaged with organic weapons and six sections of ARA, first light checks rovealed 9 VC KIA and 84 satchel

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charges captured. On 13 May, 1/8 Cav departed for operations in AO COMMANCHE W.HuciOR and was replaced by 1/12 Cav, with C/2/19 remaining in position. On 16 May, CAMP GORV.D again came under attack, receiving 31 X 107mm rockets from four separate volleys during the night. Although artillery immediately fired counter-rocket targets and ARA and Spooky engaged suspected firing positions, there was no enemy assessment. Enemy activity decreased over the next 30 days and consisted mainly of numerous token stand-off attacks and very small unit contacts resulting in no significant friendly casualties or damage. On 10 June, 1/30 Artillery assumed control of the PHOC VINH AWCC. On 13 June, 1/12 Cav moved to LZ DOLLY, changing places with 2/12 Cav at that LZ, while the latter initiated operations in AO CHIEF. C/2/19 and C/1/77 made a like exchange, maintaining the concept of habitual association. On 25 June, N/1/9 fir Cav spotted numerous bunkers and individuals vic XT 994370. After engarements throughout the day, supported by artillery and ARA, enemy KIA were assessed at 13. On 26 June, concurrently with the changing 1st Cav Div TiOI, NO CHIEF expanded to include the SONG BE HIVER, and Division Artillery assumed responsibility for securing the SONG BE Bridge and surrounding area from the 1st Inf Div. Through the combined efforts of Division Artillery, 1/12 Cav, and 8th Engineers, defenses at the bridge site were significantly improved. Quick fire channels with 1st Inf Div Artillery units at LZ s HOLIDAY INN and JIM were established and plans were developed for offensive operations in that critical area. On 4 July, C/1/77 (Plt) conducted an artillary raid, moving to XT 984484 in support of C/1/9 bLUES who were searching an area from which heavy ground to air fire had forced down an LOH, killing its three occupants. The howitzers returned to CAMP GORVAD later that day after successfully covering the BLUcS. On 7 July the maneuver battalion and supporting battery again were replaced, as 1/5 Cav arrived CAMP GONV 10 with B/1/77 in support, allowing 2/12 Cav and C/1/77 to receptoy to LZ DOLLY. A significant addition to artillary support in AO CHIEF was made when b/2/20 combined forces with F/82 artillery to form its own Hunter Killer plak beam, commonly referred to as "BLUE PECKER". For the remainder of the period, hostile activity directed reminst PHOW VINH and the surrounding area remained at a low level, although retive reconnaissance, both visual and electronic, indicated a continuing enemy int rest in C.MP GORVAL and AO CHIEF.

F. SUPPORT OF NON-1ST CAV DIV UNITS:

(1) <u>General</u>: Because of its short reaction time, great range, and unique capability, ARA assests are requested for use by units operating adjacent to the 1st Cavalry Division (AM) in emergency situations. Division Artillery and 2/20 retillery have been able to provide this support on numerous occasions.

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- (2) Execution: On 1 May 1/2/20 dispatched six sections in support of the 2d ARVN irborne Division which was in heavy contact with an estimated enemy regiment at grid XT 114413. 295 2.75 inch HE rockets were expended aslong with 150 flechettes against 8 anti-aircraft positions, resulting in 25 confirmed KIns. On 12 May 1/2/20 again supported the 2d ARVN Airborne Division, expending 100 rockets on grid XT 110410 and receiving credit for 15 confirmed KIAs. On 24. May 1/2/20 bounced one section in support of LZ CROOK a 25th Inf Div fire base which was under ground attack. The section expended 76 2.75 inch rockets and received credit for 20 confirmed KIAs. On 6 June 1/2/20 was instrumental in routing the enemy from TAY NINH CITY. LZ CHOOK (25th Inf Div) came under heavy ground attack again on 7 June and 1/2/20 sent three sections to support. A descen plus anti-aircraft positions were set up and the flechette bird destroyed three of them. Two hundred and sixty 2.75 inch HE rockets and 87 flechettes were expended, resulting in 97 confirmed KIAs. The /RVNs called for blue MA evenin on 9 June, and N2/20 scrambled one section to grid XT 148422. The section expended forty six 2.75 inch HE rockets and 17 flechettes resulting in 10 confirmed KIAs and one .50 cal destroyed. On 9 June 1/2/20 began providing the "KILLER" ship for 1/9 visual recon teams. The operations have been conducted in the 25th Inf Div 10 and have produced substantial kill credits for 1/2/20. One 27 June 1/2/20 sent three sections to grid XT 315576 in support of MANNS. Three hundred and twelve 2.75 inch HE rockets were fired, but no surv illance was available. On 18 May B/2/20 flew 16 soties in defense of LIVING At AUAN LOC who were being over run. The enemy was replused. No surveillance was reported. C/2/20 supported Special Forces Team A341 at grid XU 895205 with 16 sorties. Two hundred and twenty five 2.75 inch rockets were fired and the battery was credited with silencing one .50 cal. C/2/20 was credited with the destruction of two rocket positions by mortar patrol ships.
- 2. Section 2: Lessons Jearned: Commander's Observations. Evaluation and Recommendation.
 - a. Personnel:

(1) Technical Inspectors.

- (a) Observation: A recent large turn over in technical inspectors has left the 2/20th Arty (ARA) short of qualified technical inspectors.
- (b) Evaluation: All batteries have been required to initiate a vigorous OJT program for training technical inspectors. Quotas to the AKTTS courses have been utilized to increase the skills of these individuals required to perform technical inspector duties. The AKTTS course is directed towards a review of the Army record system and therefore is not an adequate course for training technical inspectors.

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(c) Recommendations: That school trained technical inspectors be assigned to the 2/20 Arty to insure quality control of organizational maintenance.

b. Operations:

- (1) Timely Response to Sensor Targets.
- (a) Observation: Direct Support Artillery battalions, in placing timely fire on sensor-acquired targets, must have the best communications possible, within their capability, with the ground sensor monitoring station.
- (b) Evaluation: Although the decision to attack sensor targets must rest with the maneuver commander, it is incumbent upon the direct support artillery battalion to obtain target data in the most direct and quickest manner possible. Only in this way can artillery fires be immediately responsive once clearance has been obtained and the decision to fire has been made.
- (c) Recommendation: That direct support battalions, when possible and feasible, establish direct communications with ground sensor monitoring stations which control sensors in the battalion's area of influence.
 - (2) Sniffer/IR Target Analysis.
- (a) Observation: Erroneous Sniffer/IR read-outs have resulted in areas of recent troop occupation and/or areas recently attack with artillery fire.
- (b) Evaluation: Soda cans, extraneous garbago, smoking refuse fires, artillery shell "hot spots", and other miscellaneous residue have periodically caused wasted effort in the analysis of intelligence data gathered by electronic devices. In order to derive maximum benefit from these assets, each area subjected to electronic observation should be "clean" of all friendly residue.
- (c) Recommendation: That whenever possible, areas designated for observation by Smiffer/IR devices be declared "Off Limits" to friendly forces and supporting artillery fire through the use of special Specified Strike Zone (SSZ).

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for Forest of the 1st Cavalry Division Artillery (AM) for the Feriod Ending 31 July 1969, RCS CSFOR-65 (RI)

- (3) Flechette Warhead (MDV-4A/A) 600 Meter MSD.
- (a) Observation: The 2/20 Arty (ARA) is restricted in the employment of the flechette warhead because of the 600 meter MSD.
- (b) Evaluation: The flechette warhead's complete pattern has not been satisfactorily determined. There is no way to see the pattern visually from the air as the flechettes produce very little visual cues which aid in determining the pattern. The flechettes have been effectively employed against anti-aircraft weapons when troop safety was not a factor. However, its use in contact missions or in defense of a fire base is severely limited because of the 600 meter (MSD).
- (c) Recommendation: That definitive tests be conducted which identify the complete flechette pattern when the flechette warhead is fired from an AH-LG Cobra at various altitudes, dive angles and airspeeds.

c. Training:

- (1) Forward Observor and Liaison Officer Training on Employment of ARA.
- (a) Observation: Numerous delays and much confusion has occurred during the adjustment phase of fire missions.
- (b) Eveluation: The causes of these delays can be attributed to the following:
- 1. FO not proficient in using the GT line as a common reference line for the adjustment phase.
- 2. LNO insisting on directions of attack which are not tactically sound, i.e. not parallel to friendly positions.
- (c) Recommendation: That the Artillery School at Fort Sill include both classroom instruction and OF classes on the tactics and employment of Aerial Rocket Artillery stressing OF with the AH-IG Cobra.
 - d. Intelligence: None
 - c. Logistics:
 - (1) Night Sighting Devices.

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- a. Observation: The 2/20th Arty (AkA) flies approximately 30 hours each night on rocket/mortar patrol. At present the AH-1G has no target acquisition capability other than the pilots eyes.
- b. Evaluation: In order to increase the effectiveness of rocket/mortar patrol the AH-IG should be equipped with a night sighting device for locating and identifying targets.
- c. Recommendation: That the 2/20 Arty (ARA) be issued a night sighting device adequate for use in the AH-IG for conducting night reconnaissance of suspect rocket/mortar positions and for aided visual reconnaissance of those areas in which other sensors have indicated enemy activity.
 - (2) /rmament Control Panels and Circuit Breakers.
- (a) Observation: Present safety precautions require that seven circuit breakers be pulled out before the system is considered safe.
- (b) Evaluation: The circuit breakers in the AH-IG are located on the right side of the pilot. They are difficult to pull out and their design is not one which can withstand the numerous pull outs.
- (c) Recommendation: That the armament circuit breakers be redecigned to a two position On/Off switch type mechanism similiar to the circuit breakers in a home circuit breaker box. This should reduce the number of broken circuit breakers which must be replaced and case considerably the task of turning them off and on without reducing the safety requirements of the armament system.
 - f. Organization: None
 - g. Others: None

JAMES A MUNGON Colonel, Artillery

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Commanding

AVDAGT-DT (12 August 1969) 1st Ind

SUBJECT: Operational Report of the 1st Cavalry Division Artillery (AM) for the Period Ending, 31 July 1969, RCS CSFOR-65 (R1)

DA, HQ, 1st Cavalry Division (AM) APO San Francisco 96490, 14 August 1969

TO: Commanding General

IIFFV

ATTN: AVHGC-DST

APO 96266

- 1. This Headquarters has received the Operational Report Lessons Learned for the quarterly Period Ending 31 July 1969 from Headquarters, 1st Cavalry Division Artillery and concurs with the report.
- 2. Report is forwarded in compliance with USARV Reg 525-15.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

C. E. DOYLE

CPT, AGC Asst AG AVFEC-RE-H (4 Sep 69) 2nd Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report of the 1st Cavalry Division Artillery (AM) for the Period Ending 31 July 1969, RCS CSFOR-65 (R1)

DA, HQ II FFORCEV, APO San Francisco 96266 (1988)

THRU: Commanding General, US Army Vietnam, ATTN: AVHGC(DST), APO 96375

Commander-In-Chief, US Army Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96558

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D.C. 20310

This headquarters has reviewed and concurs with the Operational Report - Lessons Learned of the 1st Cavalry Division Artillery (AM) for the period ending 31 July 1969.

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FOR THE COMMANDER:

AVHCC-DST (12 Aug 69) 3d Ind

SUBJECT: Operational Report of the 1st Cavalry Division Artillery (AM) for the Period Ending 31 July 1969, RCS CSFOR-65 (RL) 2 4 SEP 1969

HEADQUARTERS, UNITED STATES ARMY, VIETNAM, APO San Francisco 96375

TO: Commander in Chief, United States Army, Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96558

1. This headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report-Lessons Learned for the quarterly period ending 31 July 1969 from Headquarters 1st Cavalry Division Artillery (Airmobile).

2. Comments follow:

- a. Reference item concerning "Technical Inspectors," section II, page 13, paragraph 2a(1); concur. It is desirable that school trained technical inspectors be assigned to insure quality control of organizational maintenance. Technical inspector replacements received by USARV are assigned on a proportionate basis to each command against their authorizations.
- b. Reference item concerning "Sniffer/IR Target Analysis," section II, page 14, paragraph 2b(2); nonconcur. The declaration of certain areas as "off limits" to friendly forces is the perogative of the local tactical commander. Close coordination and detailed Sniffer/IR mission planning will resolve the problem. APD/IR missions should be integrated into the overall tactical plan of the unit concerned. APD/IR mission planning and coordination must include a determination of whether there has been recent friendly activity within the search area. The same factor must be considered when determining readout validity. In the future, the referenced problem and evaluation will be emphasized during the G2 Air Orientation Course which is conducted monthly to orient newly assigned G2/S2 Air personnel on capabilities, planning and employment of the in-country aerial reconnaissance and target acquisition systems. No action by DA or USARPAC is required.
- c. Reference item concerning "Forward Observer and Liaison Officer Training on Employment of ARA," section II, page 15, paragraph 2c(1); concur. Recommend this item be forwarded to the US Army Field Artillery School, Fort Sill, Oklahoma to be considered for inclusion in the program of instruction.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

Cy furn: 1st Cav Div Arty II FFV

1LT, AGC Assistant Adjutant General GPOP-DT (12 Aug 69) 4th Ind (U)
SUBJECT: Operational Report of HQ, 1st Cav Div Arty (AM) for Period
Ending 31 July 1969, RCS CSFOR-65 (R1) (U)

HQ, US Army, Pacific, APO San Francisco 96558 16 00769

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C. 20310

This headquarters concurs in subject report as indorsed,

FOR THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF:

CPT, AGC

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